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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,311 02/27/2004		Sheueling Chang Shantz	6000-31500 9201	
58467 MHKKG/SUN	7590 02/15/2008		EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 398			JOHNSON, CARLTON	
AUSTIN, TX	/8/0/	ART UNIT 2136	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	_	
10/789,311	SHANTZ ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit	_	
Carlton V. Johnson	2136		

,	Canton V. Johnson	2130	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 28 January 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods: The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date 	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in the with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply m	fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	ce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or to TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 76	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI	ig date of the final rejecti	on.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1. tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origon than three months after the mailing date.	of the fee. The appropri	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed onA brief in compliar filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a content of the content of	nsideration and/or search (see NO w); ter form for appeal by materially re	TE below);	
NOTE:(See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	sorresponding number of infally rej	colou ciaims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		ompliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) Newly proposed or amended claim(s)would be allow non-allowable claim(s). 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nely filed amendment o	canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided that the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-67. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	□ will not be entered, or b) ⊠ wi vided below or appended.	II be entered and an e	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	t before or on the date of filing a N d sufficient reasons why the affidat	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	t be entered necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fai see 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	ls to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ed.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet. 	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	ice because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)	.	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Response to Arguments

The 101 rejection will be upheld due to the fact that the claim limitations indicate arithmetic operations which are used to perform cryptographic calculations. The claim limitations mention a public-key cryptographic application. But, there is no indication in the specification or original claims that the only operations performed by the public-key cryptographic application are arithmetic operations for cryptographic calculations. Applicant states that the cryptographic calculations implement a portion of a cryptographic application. (Remarks Page 6, Lines 24-26) It is well known in the art that a cryptographic application performs more functions than arithmetic operation for cryptographic calculations.

Citations cited in Office Action indicate arithmetic operations equivalent to arithmetic operations performed in claim limitations. The Gressel and Stribaek prior art combination discloses arithmetic operations performed on integer values. The stated types of operations indicated by the prior art discloses addition, multiplication, XOR operations, and etc.

The Gressel prior art discloses arithmetic operations such as multiplication and addition utilizing partial results of the first operation. The Gressel prior art discloses the results of a first arithmetic operation used as input to another arithmetic operation. (see Gressel col. 3, lines 1-7; col. 53, lines 13-19; col. 53, lines 49-51: feedback of a previous operation into next operation; col. 2, lines 31-37: multiplication two values, summing two values utilizing partial (i.e. bit operations, any bit length, high order bits, low order bits) results from previous multiplication). A partial result is a value of having a bit length less than the total bit length of a word. The high order bits are a partial result. The low order bits are a partial result. In addition, the Stribaek prior art discloses the selection of high order bits and/or low order bits in arithmetic operations. (see Stribaek col. 7, lines 3-5). This is equivalent to a first partial result representing the high order bits summed with the low order bits of a result of a first number multiplied by a second number.

The referenced prior art discloses the generation of a partial result, the usage of that partial result in subsequent arithmetic operations. (see Stribaek col. 7, lines 3-5) The referenced prior art discloses a complete set of the types of arithmetic operations disclosed in the claims limitations (XOR operation, multiplication, carry add operations, carry save operations) The Office Action indicates citations for each independent and each dependent claim rejection.

In very long instruction word (VLIW) architectures, which include many microcode architectures, multiple simultaneous operations and operands are specified in a single instruction. (http://www.answers.com/topic/instruction-computer-science) This standard computer architecture feature discloses a single arithmetic instruction to perform multiple arithmetic operations.

An instruction also designates the destination address (memory locations, registers) for the results of the completion of an instruction. ("On traditional architectures, an instruction includes an opcode specifying the operation to be performed, such as "add contents of memory to register", and zero or more operand specifiers, which may specify registers, memory locations, or literal data ": http://www.answers.com/topic/instruction-computer-science)

The examiner has considered the applicant's remarks concerning In response to executing an arithmetic instruction, a first number is multiplied by a second number, and a partial result from a previously executed single arithmetic instruction is fed back from a first carry save adder structure generating high order bits of the current arithmetic instruction to a second carry save adder tree structure being utilized to generate low order bits of the current arithmetic instruction to generate a result that represents the first number multiplied by the second number summed with the high order bits from the previously executed arithmetic instruction. Applicant's arguments have thus been fully analyzed and considered but they are not persuasive.

After an additional analysis of the applicant's invention, remarks, and a search of the available prior art, it was determined that the current set of prior art consisting of Gressel (6,748,410) and Stribaek (7,181,484) discloses the applicant's invention including disclosures in Remarks.

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